Figure S1. DNA Sequences of Clones from a Portion of the 28S rDNA Gene

S1, are clones that match closest to our three-toed sloth sequence, and S12 are clones that match to human DNA sequences. Identical bases to the consensus sequence at the top are represented by dots, ambiguous bases are represented by standard abbreviations, and dashes indicate deletions. The numbers at the right indicate the PCR number and clone number.
Figure S2. DNA Sequences of Clones from a Portion of the von Willebrand Factor Gene, vWF

S2–S2, are clones derived from the five different length PCRs. Identical bases to the consensus sequence at the top are represented by dots, ambiguous bases are represented by standard abbreviations, and dashes indicate deletions. The numbers at the right indicate the PCR number and clone number.
Figure S3. DNA Sequences of Clones Encoding CREM and PCLB4

(A) DNA sequences of clones from a portion of the exon encoding the 3’ UTR of the camp-responsive element modulator gene (CREM).

(B) DNA sequences of clones from a portion of the exon encoding the 3’ UTR of the phospholipase C, β 4 gene (PCLB4).

Identical bases to the consensus sequence at the top are represented by dots, ambiguous bases are represented by standard abbreviations, and dashes indicate deletions. The numbers at the right indicate the PCR number and clone number.