





Chimpanzees use social information to acquire a skill they fail to innovate

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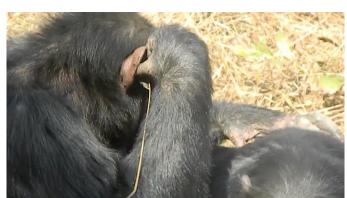
Utrecht University | Animal Behaviour & Cognition group | Biology Department

Max Planck Institute for Evolutionary Anthropology | Comparative Cultural Psychology

Meet Julie

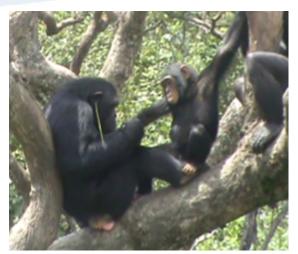


Social learning











Cultural "fashion trend"?





Update from the field..



Investigating origins of human culture



CULTURE AS SOCIALLY TRANSMITTED BEHAVIOUR *within-group homogeneity | durability



Comparative evolutionary method

Humans



Apes and monkeys



Investigating origins of human culture



CULTURE AS SOCIALLY TRANSMITTED BEHAVIOUR

*within-group homogeneity | durability



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Humans



Apes and monkeys



Cultural traditions in chimpanzees







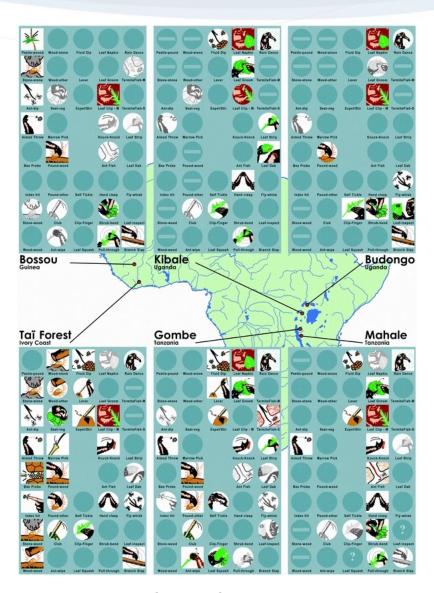






e.g. Whiten et al., 1999; de Waal, 2001; McGrew, 2004; Kalan et al. 2020; Boesch et al. 2020

Cultural traditions in chimpanzees



Fieldsite



Chimfunshi Wildlife Orphanage Trust, Zambia





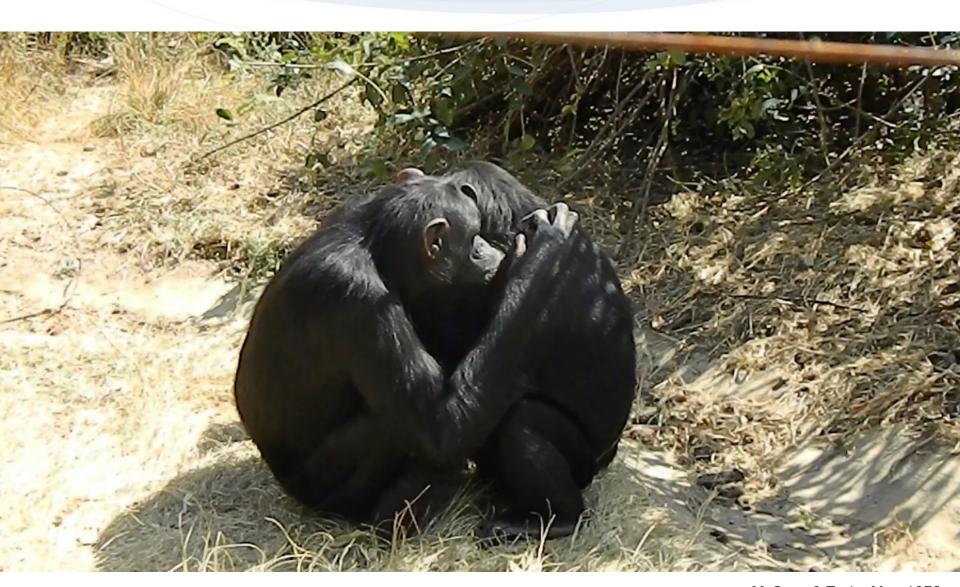




Long-term social groups



1. Diversity in interaction styles



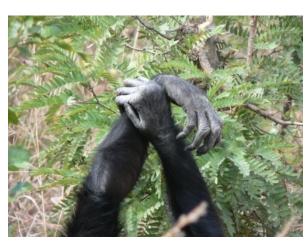
Method

- ◆ Data collection: all-occurrence sampling (opportunistic windows 2007-2019): N_{ind}=71; N_{bouts}=2049
- Focus on handclasp styles
- Based on clasping contact area:

Palm Wrist Forearm Other



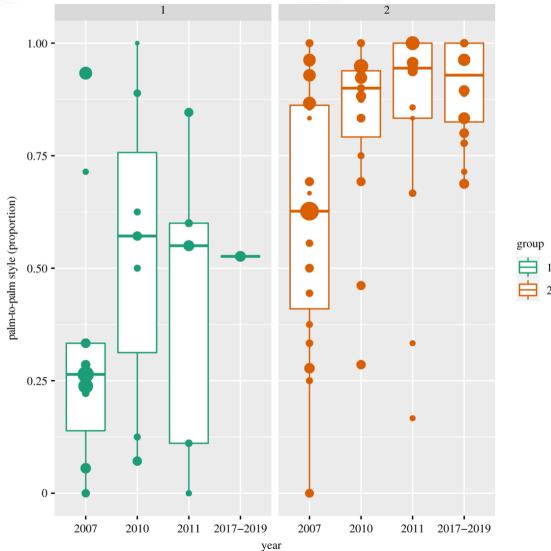
Palm clasping to Palm



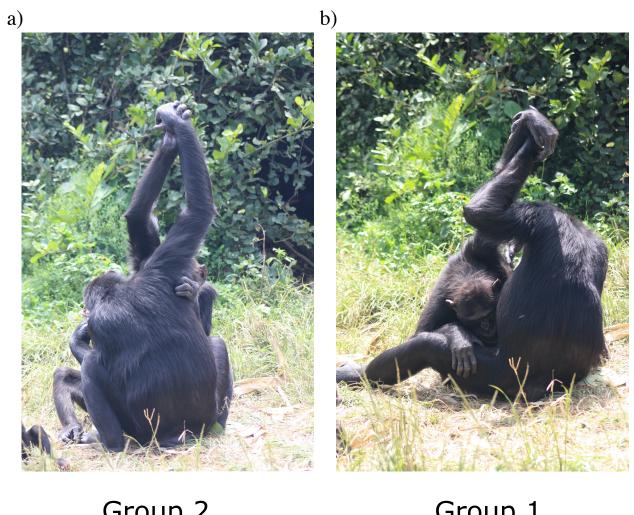
Palm clasping to Wrist

Diversity across years





Consistent style differences



Group 2

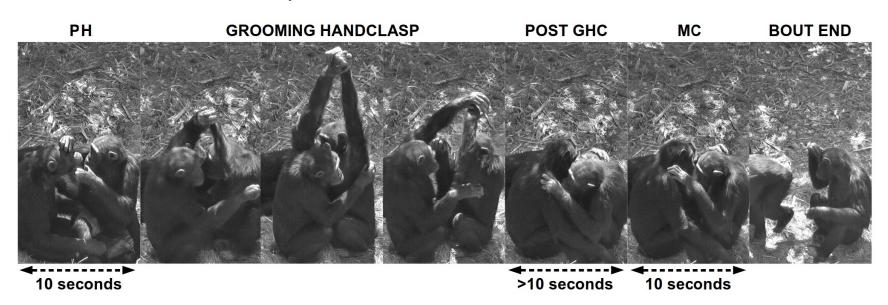
Group 1

Mechanism?

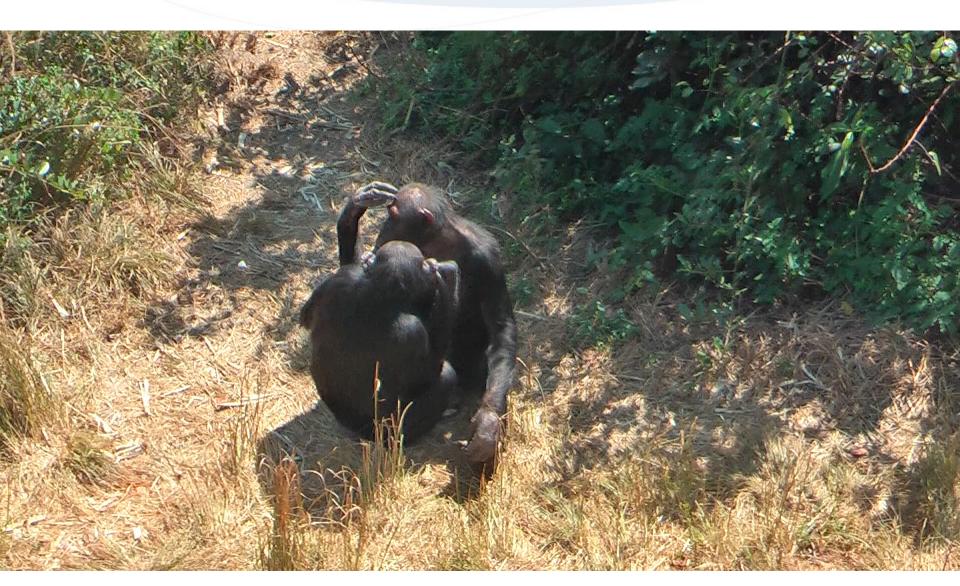


Zoë Goldsborough

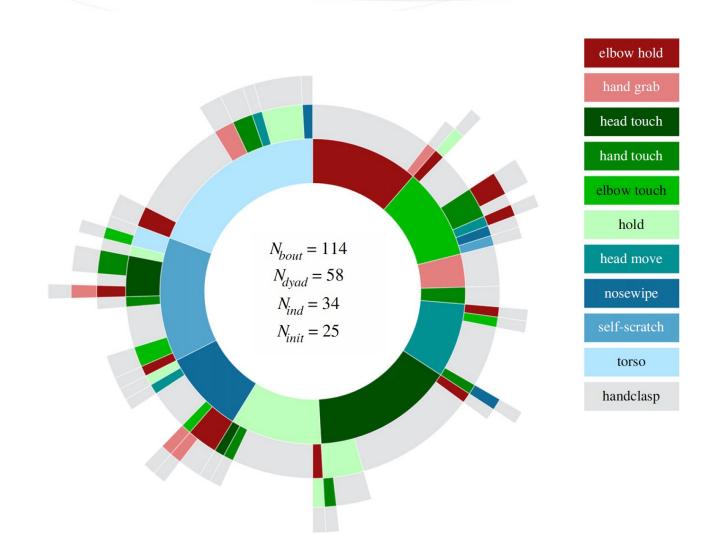
How do the chimpanzees initiate/coordinate this behavior?



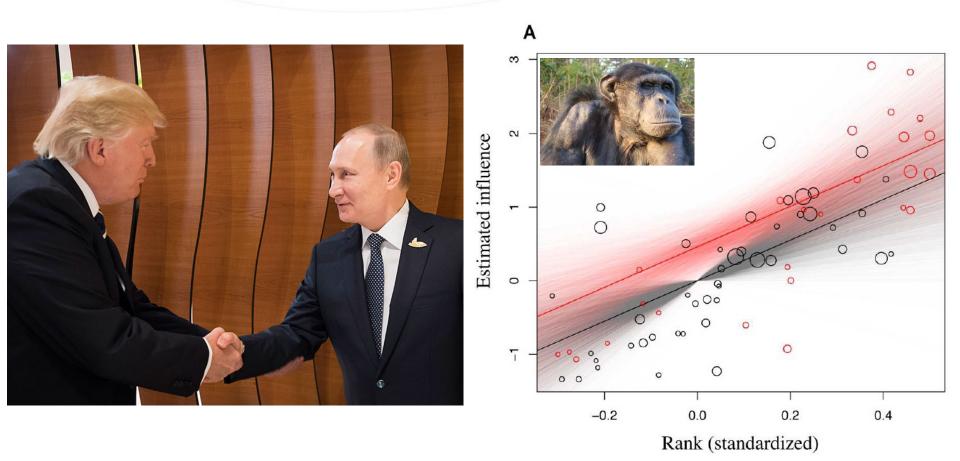
Chimpanzees communicate to interact



Variation in initiation sequences



Function? Mechanism?



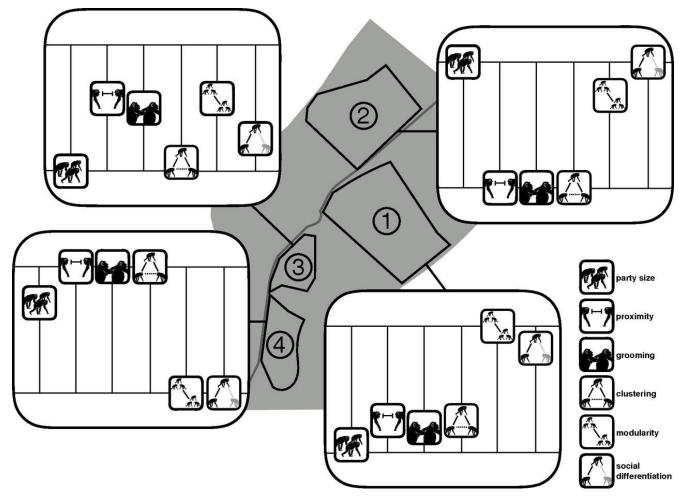
More dominant chimpanzees use the handclasp to (try and) exert superiority...

2. Diversity in day-to-day social behaviour

Is <u>sociality itself</u> a species-specific trait?



chimpanzee

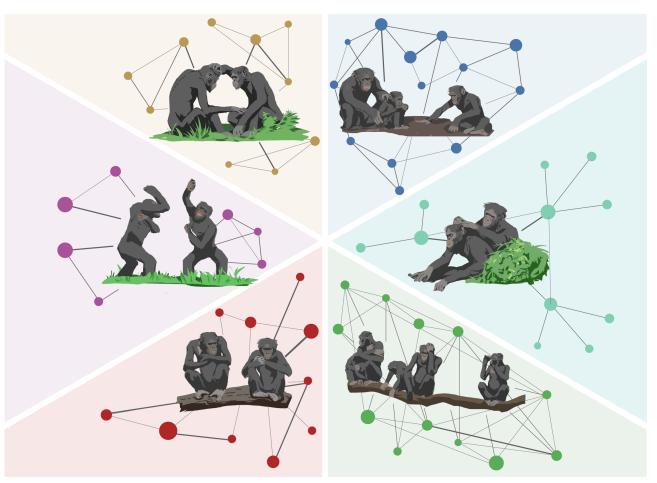


2. Diversity in day-to-day social behaviour



bonobo

Is <u>sociality itself</u> a species-specific trait?



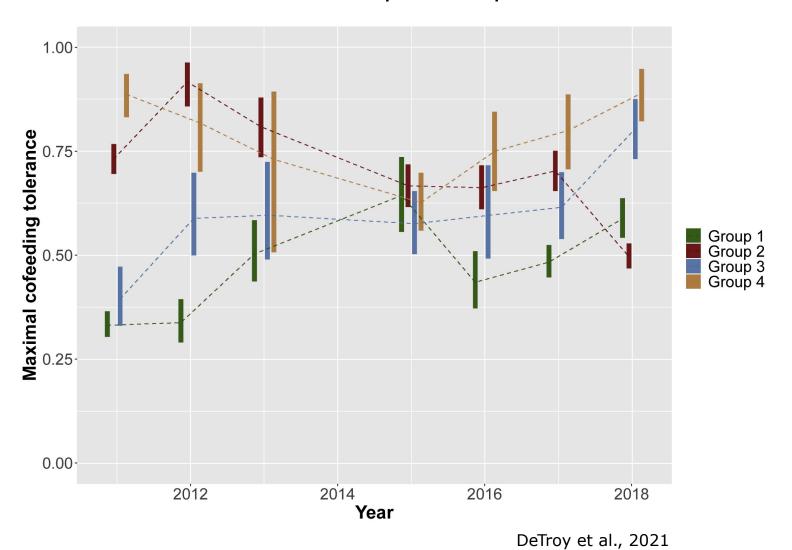
3. Diversity in social tolerance (exp)

Is social tolerance a species-specific trait?

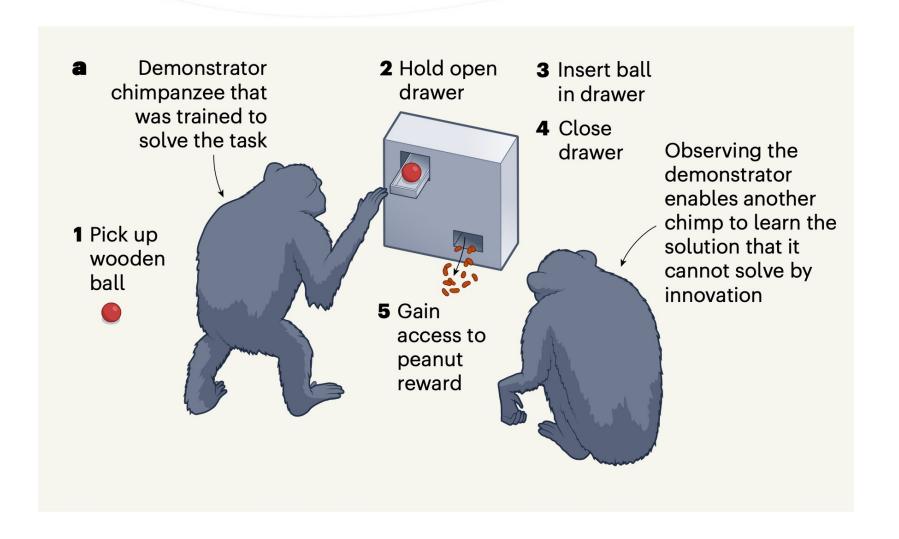


3. Diversity in social tolerance (exp)

Is social tolerance a species-specific trait?



4. Cultural transmission (& diversity)



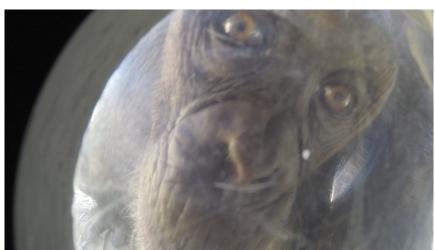
Implemented automated social learning box inside chimps' enclosures

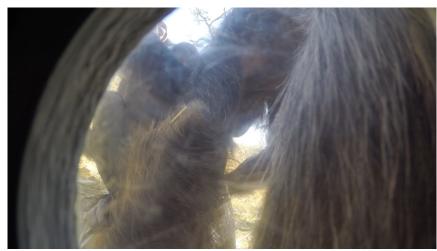


Chimpanzees' solving attempts

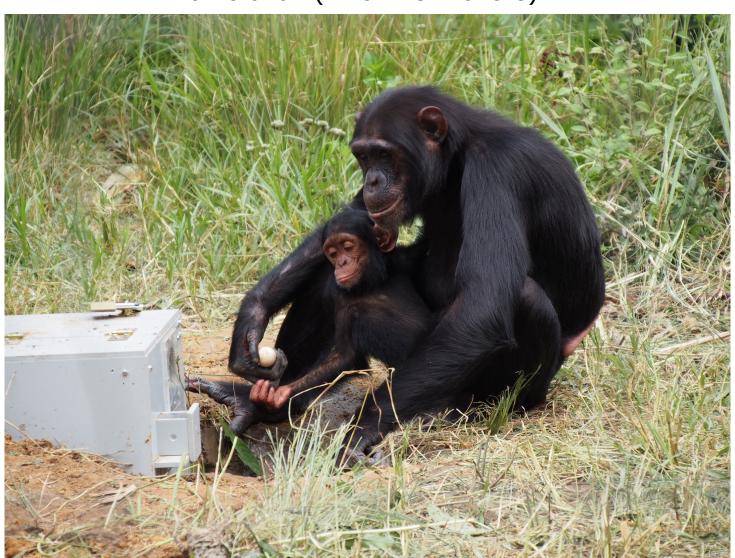








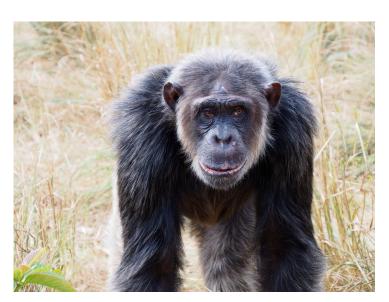
To no avail (n=0 in 3 months)



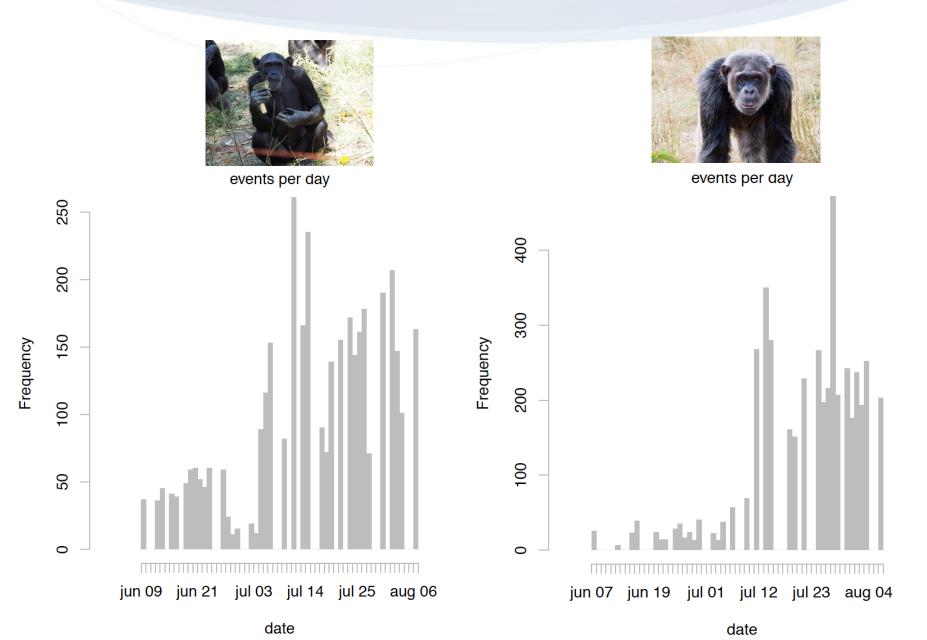
Two models (one in each group) were trained



Rita (group 1)

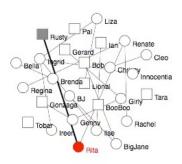


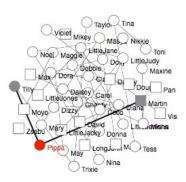
Pippa (group 2)



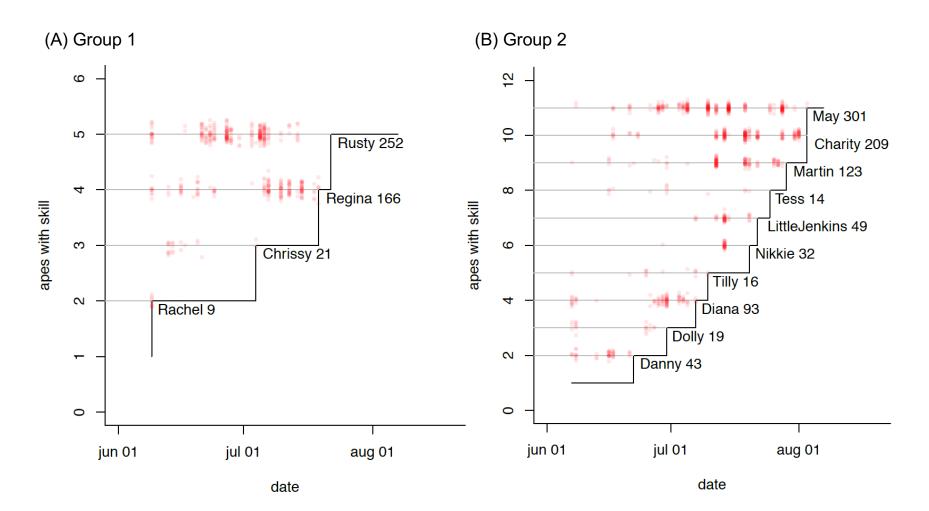








All chimpanzees who learned the skill had observed successful executions of the task: NBDA supports social over asocial learning





Summary & Conclusion

- Baseline shows that no chimpanzee (n=66) learns the skill in a group context (thus, with social influences)
- Models were trained in 6-8 days with full demonstrations and scaffolding
- Over the course of ± 70 hours of testing, 14 naïve chimpanzees learned the skill from observing conspecifics
- Chimpanzees can learn a complex skill by means of social learning, possibly by "know-how copying"
- Is there meaningful variation between groups?



Long-term collaborators



Max Planck Institute for Evolutionary Anthropology

(prof. Daniel Haun)





St. Andrews University (prof. Josep Call)





Centre for Research and Conservation (prof. Zjef Pereboom)







Field site staff & funding agencies











Thank you for your attention

